How the New Testament Deals with Sin

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Key

• = Distinguishing characteristics #'s = Procedure to follow

 Sin against another member of the church Offended one goes privately, Matthew 18:15 Take 1-2 witnesses with you, 16 Tell it to the church, 17 Place outside the church 	 Not against another member of the church Publicly detected Not false doctrine nor "serious" Restore privately, Galatians 6:1 Warn privately, 1 Thessalonians 5:14 Rebuke privately, Titus 1:13 Rebuke publicly, 1 Timothy 5:20 ("mark" the person 2 Thessalonians 3:14) Disassociate, withdraw from him, 2 Thessalonians 3:6, 14 (Do not regard as an enemy, rather as a brother, 2 Thessalonians 3:15)
 Not against another member of the church Publicly detected Serious sin (Fornicators – sexually immoral, covetous – greediness, avarice, idolater – take part in idolatry or consult false prophets, Reviler – abusive person, drunkard – addicted, extortionist – swindler, ravenous, 1 Corinthians 5:11) <u>Sins of belief</u> Warn twice, Titus 3:10 Reject (shun, avoid) Titus 3:10 Deliver to Satan, 1 Timothy 1:20 <u>Sins of behavior</u> Gather in the Lord's power, 1 Corinthians 5:4 Deliver to Satan, 1 Corinthians 5:5 	 Not against another member of the church Not publicly detected Holy Spirit longs within for purity, James 4:5 God disciplines, Hebrews 12:6 God judges, Hebrews 10:30, 1 Corinthians 11:30-31